केलंग में आकाशवाणी केन्द्र की स्थापना

2051. श्री सुशील बरोंगपा: क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि केन्द्र सरकार जनजाति और पहाड़ी क्षेत्रों में आकाशवाणी केंद्रों की स्थापना प्राथमिकता के आधार पर करती है; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो केलंग में आकाशवाणी केन्द्र, जिसे आठवीं योजना के आरम्भ में स्थापित किया जाना था, को स्थापित न किए जाने के क्या कारण हैं जबकि दूर-दराज का क्षेत्र होने और खराब मौसम के बावजूद यहां अन्य कई "सेटलाइट अर्थ स्टेशनों" और वी०एल०पी०टी० स्टेशनों की स्थापना की गई थी?

सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय के राज्यमंत्री (श्री के० पी० सिंह देव): (क) जी, हां। केन्द्रीय सरकार देश के जनजातीय एवं पहाड़ी क्षेत्रों में तकनीकी व्यवहार्यता, सापेक्ष प्राथमिकताएं तथा वित्तीय संसाधन उपलब्धता के अधीन प्रसारण नेटवर्क के विकास के लिए प्रतिबद्ध है।

(ख) हिमाचल प्रदेश के लाहुल-स्पीती जिले में केलोंग को शिमला स्थित 50 कि०वा० शार्टवेव उच्च शक्ति ट्रांसमीटर के माध्यम से प्रसारण उपलब्ध है। जिसे 1 कि०वा० अल्प शक्ति शार्टवेव ट्रांसमीटर के स्थान पर प्रतिस्थापित किया गया है।

Lack of professionalism in officials of Financial Institutions

2052. SHRI S. AUSTIN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government enquire into complaints made against the behaviour and activities of financial institutions;

(b) whether Government has observed total lack of professionalism among senior level managers of financial institutions;

(c) whether Government is fot in dealing with errant officers of IDBI and IFCI who are Directors of India Tobacco Company;

(d) what is the cause of this lenient attitude by Government;

(e) whether vested interests have been protecting such officers of IFCI; and

(f) steps proposed to enquire urgently into the closed collaboration between IFCI and ITC and the resultant loss of 40 crores in exports deals?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M. V. CHANDRASHEKHAR MURTHY): (a) The Boards of Directors of all India Financial Institutions (AIFIs) are responsible for monitoring the activities of the institutions. Government monitors the position of overall sanctions and disbursaments made by AIFIs and appoints its nominee directors on the Boards of AIFIs. Besides, the matters of general policy nature and of common interest to AIFIs are discussed with Chief Executives of AIFIs in meetings held from time to time.

Specific complaints against the behaviour and activities of AIFIs as and when received by Government are looked into in consultation with the management of AIFI concerned.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) to (e) It is not the Government but AIFIs who appoint their nominee directors on the boards of assisted companies. AIFIs have evolved guidelines in respect of nominee directors. The nominee directors are expected to act in the best interest of the assisted company and also safeguard the interest of the AIFI concerned. If an AIFI is not satisfied with the performance of a nominee director, it can withdraw his nomination from the board of the company concerned.

(f) ITC Limited is a private sector company and the Board of Directors of the company deals with issues raised in the board regarding its operations. AIFIs themselves take appropriate action wherever necessary based on the reports of nominee directors about the company to which they are nominated. IFCI has, however, reported that it is in no way involved or responsible for loss, if any, on account of export deals of the company.